Pre-Prep 2	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Celebrations and Festivals	-Black History Month -World Space Week -Halloween	-Diwali -Bonfire Night -Remembrance Day -Children in Need -Odd Socks Day -Christmas	-Chinese New Year -Valentine's Day -Holi	-Pancake Day -World Book Day -Nowruz (Iranian New Year) -Mother's Day -Easter	-The Queen's Jubilee -Oral Hygiene Week	-Father's Day -Pre-Prep Graduation for those ready to start Reception in Sept -Healthy Eating Week
Possible WOW experiences: HOOK	-Family Photos -African Dance -Eating Jamaica Cake	-Rangoli's -Fireworks -Poppies -Own Clothes Day -Christmas Cards/Decorations -Winter Jumper Day	-Chinese Dragon Puppets / Fans -Chinese Feast -Valentine's Day Cards	-Pancake Party -World Book Day Fashion Show -Goldilocks Porridge -Mother's Day Cards -Spring Walk	-A Royal Ball -Making Crowns -Butterflies in Class -Growing Plants	-Father's Day Cards -Pirate Party - Summer Picnic
Parent Workshops & Events		-Winter Performance -Parents Evening -Reports		-Parents Evening -Reports		-Parents Evening -Reports
Literacy	-Understand the five key concepts about print: - print has meaning - print can have different purposes - we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom - the names of the different parts of a book - page sequencing.	-Develop their phonological awareness, so that they can: - spot and suggest rhymes - count or clap syllables in a word - recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother.	-Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary.	-Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing. For example: writing a pretend shopping list that starts at the top of the page; writing 'm' for mummy.	-Write some or all of their name.	-Write some letters accurately
Mathematics	-Develop fast recognition of up to 3 objects, without having to count them individually ('subitising').	-Experiment with their own symbols and marks as well as numerals.	-Talk about and explore 2D and 3D shapes (for example, circles, rectangles,	-Understand position through words alone – for example, "The bag is	-Make comparisons between objects relating to size, length, weight and capacity.	-Talk about and identifies the patterns around them. For example: stripes on

	-Recite numbers past 5. -Say one number for each item in order: 1,2,3,4,5. -Know that the last number reached when counting a small set of objects tells you how many there are in total ('cardinal principle') Show 'finger numbers' up to 5. -Link numerals and amounts: for example, showing the right number of objects to match the numeral, up to 5.	-Solve real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 5. -Compare quantities using language: 'more than', 'fewer than'.	triangles and cuboids) using informal and mathematical language: 'sides', 'corners'; 'straight', 'flat', 'round'.	under the table," – with no pointing. -Describe a familiar route. -Discuss routes and locations, using words like 'in front of' and 'behind'	-Select shapes appropriately: flat surfaces for building, a triangular prism for a roof etc. -Combine shapes to make new ones – an arch, a bigger triangle etc.	clothes, designs on rugs and wallpaper. Use informal language like 'pointy', 'spotty', 'blobs' etc. -Extend and create ABAB patterns – stick, leaf, stick, leaf. -Notice and correct an error in a repeating pattern. -Begin to describe a sequence of events, real or fictional, using words such as 'first', 'then
PSED	-Select and use activities and resources, with help when needed. This helps them to achieve a goal they have chosen, or one which is suggested to them. -Develop their sense of responsibility and membership of a community.	-Become more outgoing with unfamiliar people, in the safe context of their settingShow more confidence in new social situations.	-Play with one or more other children, extending and elaborating play ideasIncreasingly follow rules, understanding why they are important.	-Find solutions to conflicts and rivalries. For example, accepting that not everyone can be Spider-Man in the game, and suggesting other ideasRemember rules without needing an adult to remind them.	-Develop appropriate ways of being assertive. -Talk with others to solve conflicts. -Talk about their feelings using words like 'happy', 'sad', 'angry' or 'worried'. -Understand gradually how others might be feeling.	-Be increasingly independent in meeting their own care needs, e.g. brushing teeth, using the toilet, washing and drying their hands thoroughly. -Make healthy choices about food, drink, activity and toothbrushing.

Communication and Language	-Enjoy listening to longer stories and can remember much of what happens. -Pay attention to more than one thing at a time, which can be difficult	-Use a wider range of vocabulary. -Understand a question or instruction that has two parts, such as "Get your coat and wait at the door".	-Understand 'why' questions, like: "Why do you think the caterpillar got so fat?" -Sing a large repertoire of songs.	-Develop their communication, but may continue to have problems with irregular tenses and plurals, such as 'runned' for 'ran', 'swimmed' for 'swam'. -Know many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story.	-Develop their pronunciation but may have problems saying: - some sounds: r, j, th, ch, and sh - multisyllabic words such as 'pterodactyl', 'planetarium' or 'hippopotamus' -Use longer sentences of four to six words.	-Be able to express a point of view and to debate when they disagree with an adult or a friend, using words as well as actions. -Start a conversation with an adult or a friend and continue it for many turns. -Use talk to organise themselves and their
Physical Development	-Continue to develop their movement, balancing, riding (scooters, trikes and bikes) and ball skills.	-Skip, hop, stand on one leg and hold a pose for a game like musical statuesUse large-muscle	-Start taking part in some group activities which they make up for themselves, or in teams.	-Match their developing physical skills to tasks and activities in the setting. For example, they decide whether to	-Collaborate with others to manage large items, such as moving a long plank safely, carrying large	play: "Let's go on a bus you sit there I'll be the driver." -Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils.
	-Go up steps and stairs, or climb up apparatus, using alternate feet.	movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks.	-Increasingly be able to use and remember sequences and patterns of movements which are related to music and rhythm. PE Sessions will focus	crawl, walk or run across a plank, depending on its length and width. -Choose the right resources to carry out their own plan. For example, choosing a spade to enlarge a small	-Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors.	-Show a preference for a dominant hand. -Be increasingly independent as they get dressed and undressed, for example, putting coats on and doing up zips.
	PE Sessions will focus on: yoga and balls skills	PE Sessions will focus on: games and races	on: dancing and team games	hole they dug with a trowel. PE Sessions will focus on: gymnastics		·

					PE Sessions will focus on: health & safety	PE Sessions will focus on: games and fine/gross motor skills
Understanding the World	-Use all their senses in hands-on exploration of natural materials. -Explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties. -Talk about what they see, using a wide vocabulary.	-Begin to make sense of their own life-story and family's historyShow interest in different occupations.	-Explore how things work.	-Explore and talk about different forces they can feel. -Talk about the differences between materials and changes they notice.	-Plant seeds and care for growing plants. -Understand the key features of the life cycle of a plant and an animal. -Begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things	-Continue developing positive attitudes about the differences between people. -Know that there are different countries in the world and talk about the differences they have experienced or seen in photos.
Expressive Arts and Design	-Take part in simple pretend play, using an object to represent something else even though they are not similar. -Begin to develop complex stories using small world equipment like animal sets, dolls and dolls houses etc. -Make imaginative and complex 'small worlds' with blocks and construction kits, such as a city with different buildings and a park	-Explore different materials freely, to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make. -Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them. -Join different materials and explore different textures.	-Create closed shapes with continuous lines, and begin to use these shapes to represent objects. -Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details. -Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud noises. -Show different emotions in their drawings and paintings, like	-Explore colour and colour-mixing. -Listen with increased attention to sounds. -Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings.	-Remember and sing entire songs. -Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch match'). -Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs. -Create their own songs or improvise a song around one they know.	-Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas.

			happiness, sadness, fear etc.			
Spanish	- To recognise and use greetings in Spanish	-Colours: To recognise and say 8 colours	- To listen and respond to classroom	-Fruit: To recognise and say 5 fruit items	-Farm Animals: To recognise and name 5	-Days of the week.
	- To count to ten in sequence.	- To say their name and to ask others their names	instructions	-Vegetables: To recognise and say 5 vegetable items	farm animals	-Weather